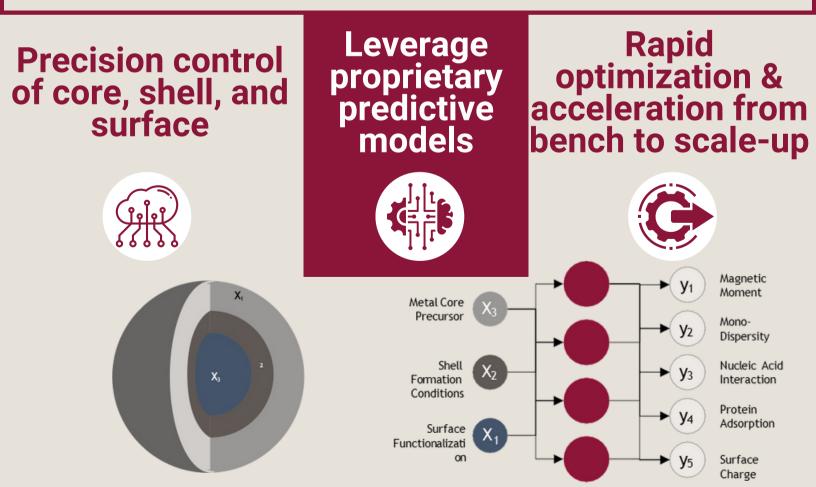


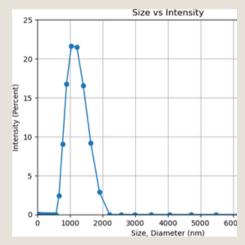
Functional Nanomaterials

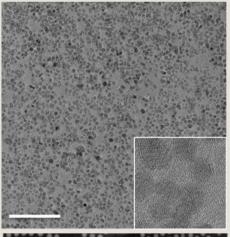
Empowering Innovations with Functional Nanomaterials

Accelerated output of products & services



MAGNETIC NANOPARTICLES WITH HIGH MONO-DISPERSITY



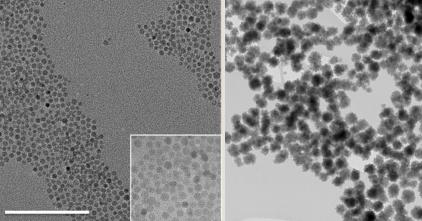


With a uniform size and shape, these magnetic nanoparticles have high mono-dispersity allowing for consistent and predictable interactions with biological molecules

Magnetic separation: They can be used for efficient separation and purification of biomolecules, such as proteins, nucleic acids, and cells

Drug delivery: By attaching therapeutic agents or drugs to the nanoparticles

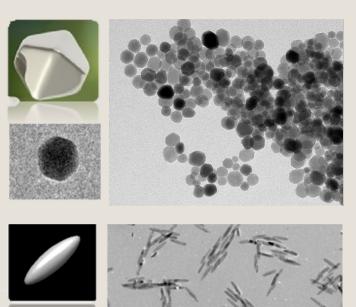
Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI): These nanoparticles can enhance the contrast in MRI scans, providing better imaging of tissues and organs.



Scale bar = 100nm

Scale bar = 500nm

MAGNETIC NANOPARTICLES WITH TUNABLE SIZES & SHAPES



These magnetic nanoparticles offer flexibility in their size and shape, allowing customization for specific applications. Their tunability enables tailored interactions with biological systems.

Biosensors: By functionalizing the nanoparticles with specific biomolecules (e.g., antibodies, aptamers), they can be used in biosensors for the detection of biomarkers or pathogens.

Hyperthermia therapy: Magnetic nanoparticles can generate heat when exposed to an alternating magnetic field.

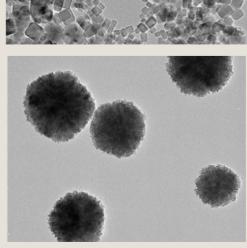
Tissue engineering: The nanoparticles can be incorporated into scaffolds or hydrogels to provide magnetic guidance for cell growth and tissue regeneration.











MAGNETIC NANOPARTICLES – CONTROLLABLE POLYMER SHELL

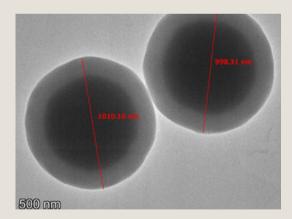
These magnetic nanoparticles have a controllable polymer shell that can be tailored to enhance stability, functionality, and compatibility with biological systems

Magnetic bioseparation: preventing nonspecific binding and enhancing the stability of the nanoparticles in biological fluids, improving their performance in magnetic separation processes.

Targeted drug delivery: The polymer shell can be functionalized with targeting ligands or responsive moieties, allowing specific delivery of drugs to desired locations.

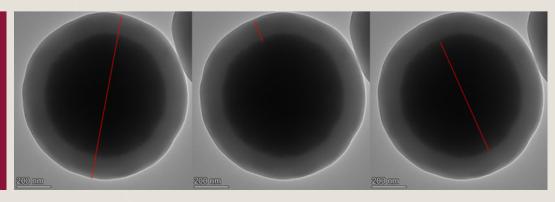
Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) contrast agents: The polymer shell can enhance the biocompatibility of the nanoparticles and improve their circulation time in the body.

Zeta Potential vs Intensity ×10⁵ 4.0 3.5 3.0 Count Intensity 2.5 2.0 otal 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -150 100 -100 -50 50 0 Zeta Potential (mV)

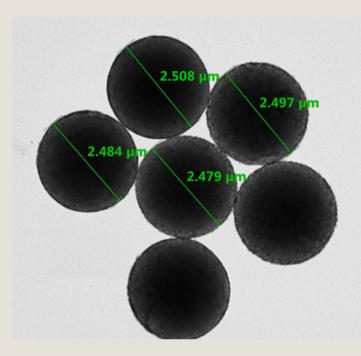


Example:

- 1 micron mono-disperse magnetic beads
- 700nm core of aggregated superparamagnetic iron oxide
- 150nm silica shell



MAGNETIC MICROBEADS – CONTROLLABLE/ TUNEABLE FOR ASSAYS



 O
 S
 Fe

 Image: S
 Fe

These larger magnetic microbeads are designed specifically for use in assays and diagnostic applications. They offer controllability and tunability for optimized performance.

Immunoassays: The microbeads can be functionalized with antibodies or antigens to capture and detect specific analytes in biological samples. Targeted drug

Nucleic acid analysis: The microbeads can be used for nucleic acid purification, amplification, and sequencing.

Cell sorting and isolation: By

functionalizing the microbeads with cellspecific ligands, they can be used for magnetic-activated cell sorting (MACS) or isolation of specific cell populations.

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